

# The distribution, morphometry, and volume of wedge ice in the Barrens of northern Manitoba, Canada

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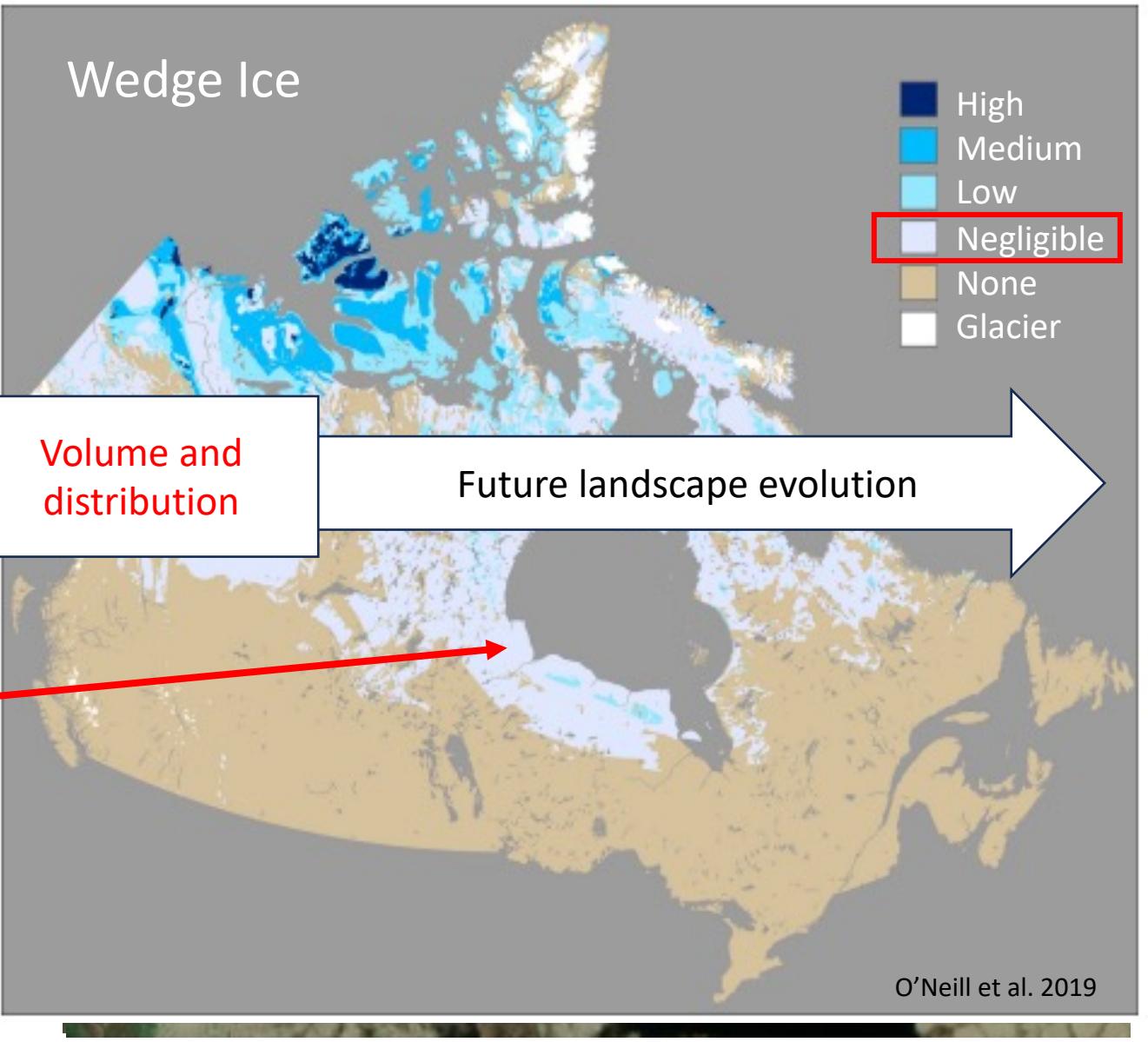
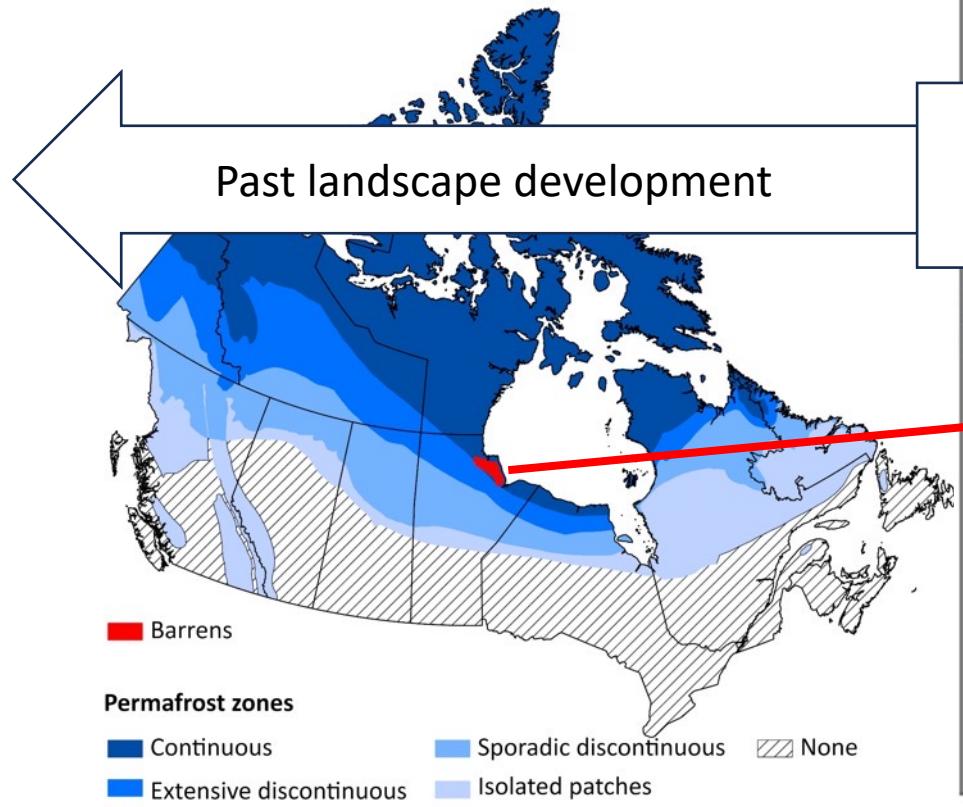
June 20, 2023 – European Conference on Permafrost (Puigcerdà, Spain)



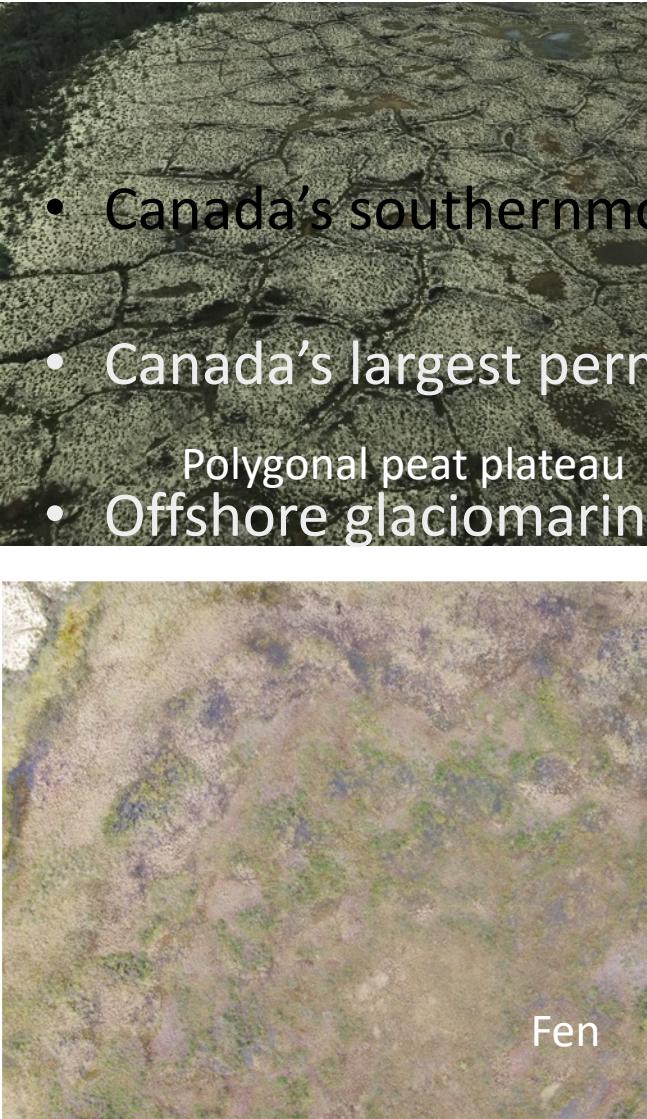
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# Wedge ice in the Barrens



# The Barrens

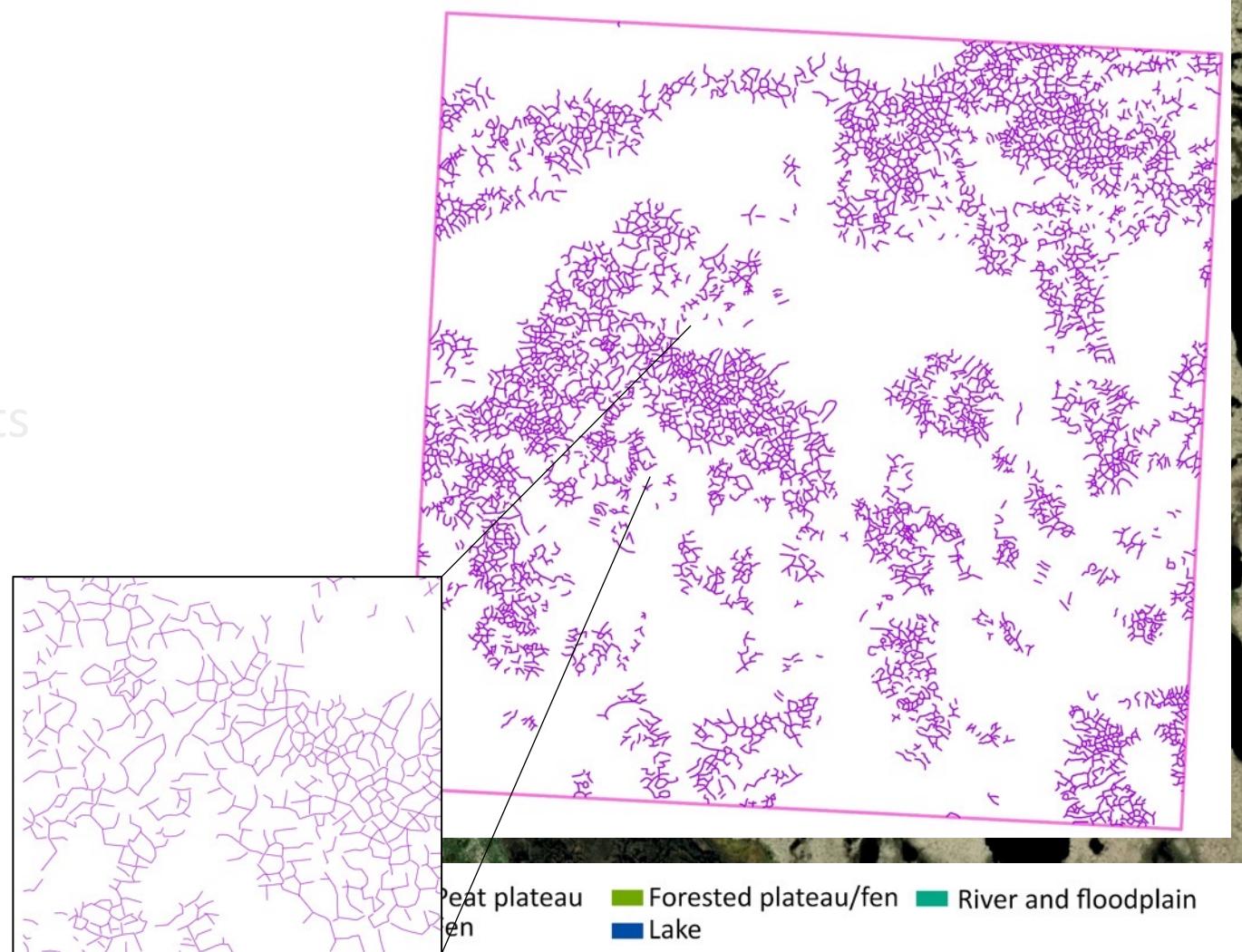


- Canada's southernmost continuous permafrost
- Canada's largest permafrost peatland
- Offshore glaciomarine sediment & peat



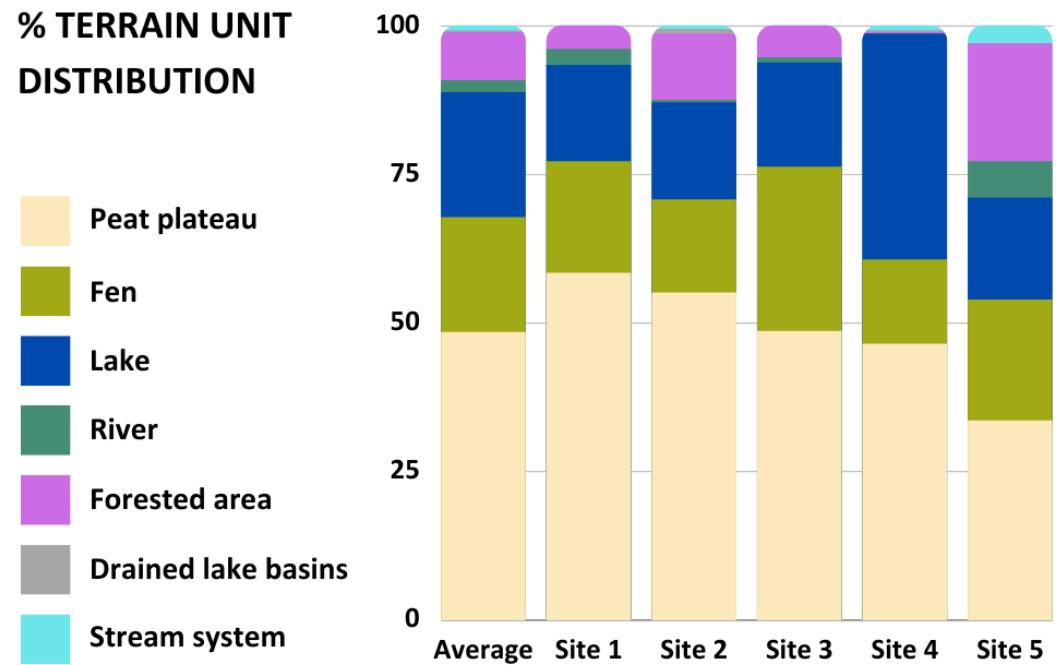
# Wedge ice & terrain unit distribution

- 5 sites ( $2.25 \text{ km}^2$ )
  - Mapping terrain units
  - Mapping ice wedges
  - Distribution of ice-wedges within each terrain unit

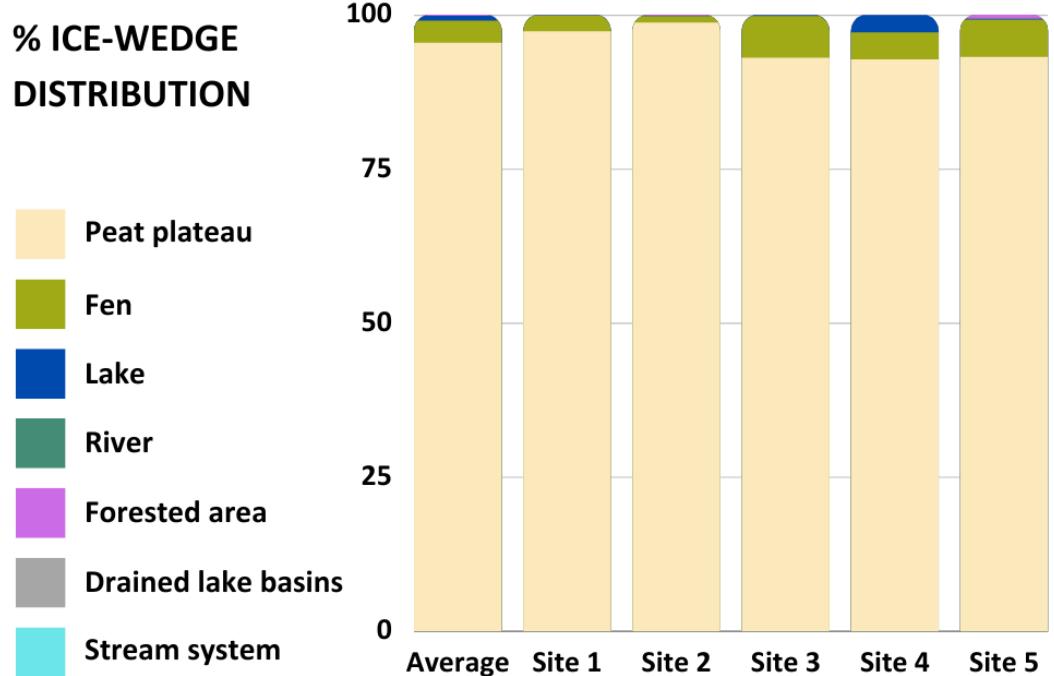


# Peat plateaus - most prevalent terrain unit with majority of ice wedges

% TERRAIN UNIT  
DISTRIBUTION



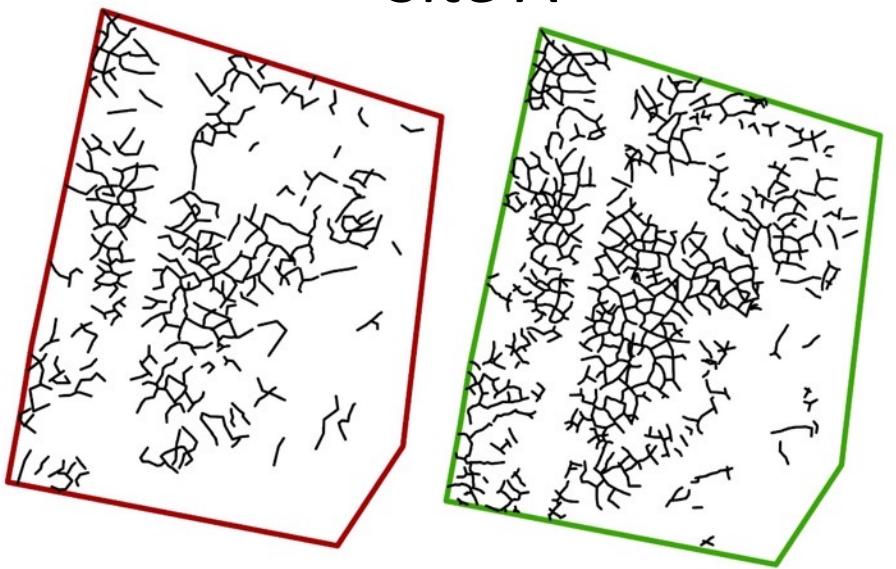
% ICE-WEDGE  
DISTRIBUTION



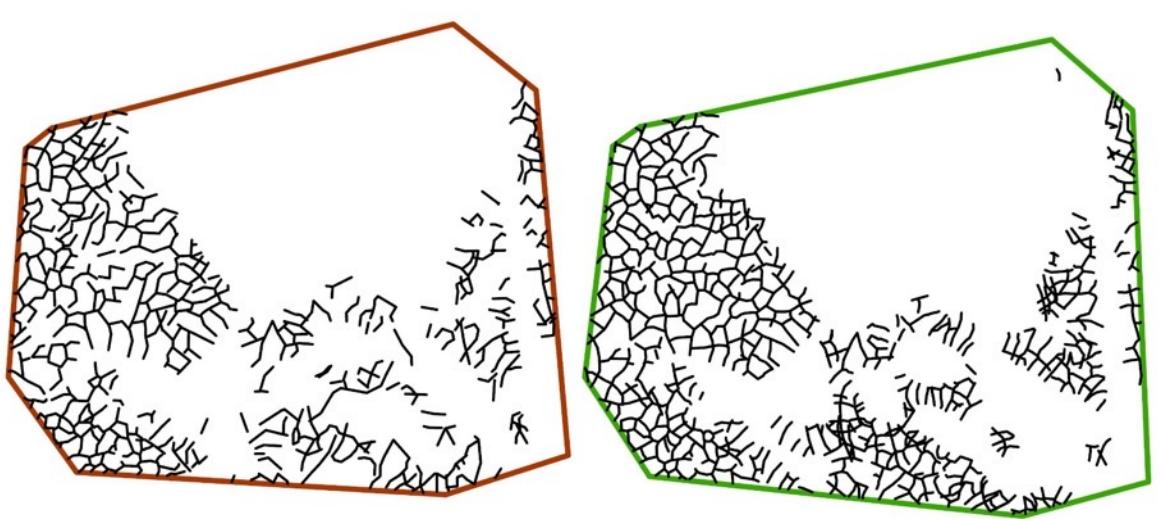
21 000 m/km<sup>2</sup>  
(1.0 billion m in Barrens)

# Comparison with drone imagery

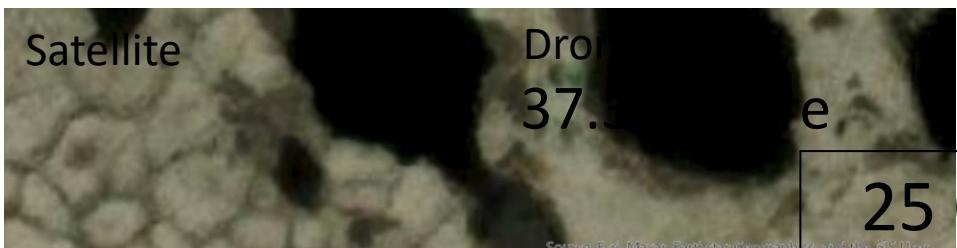
Site A



Site B



Satellite



Drone

37.5 m

25 000 m/km<sup>2</sup>  
(~1.3 billion m in Barrens)

ArcGIS Pro World Imagery Basemap (30 cm/pixel)

Satellite

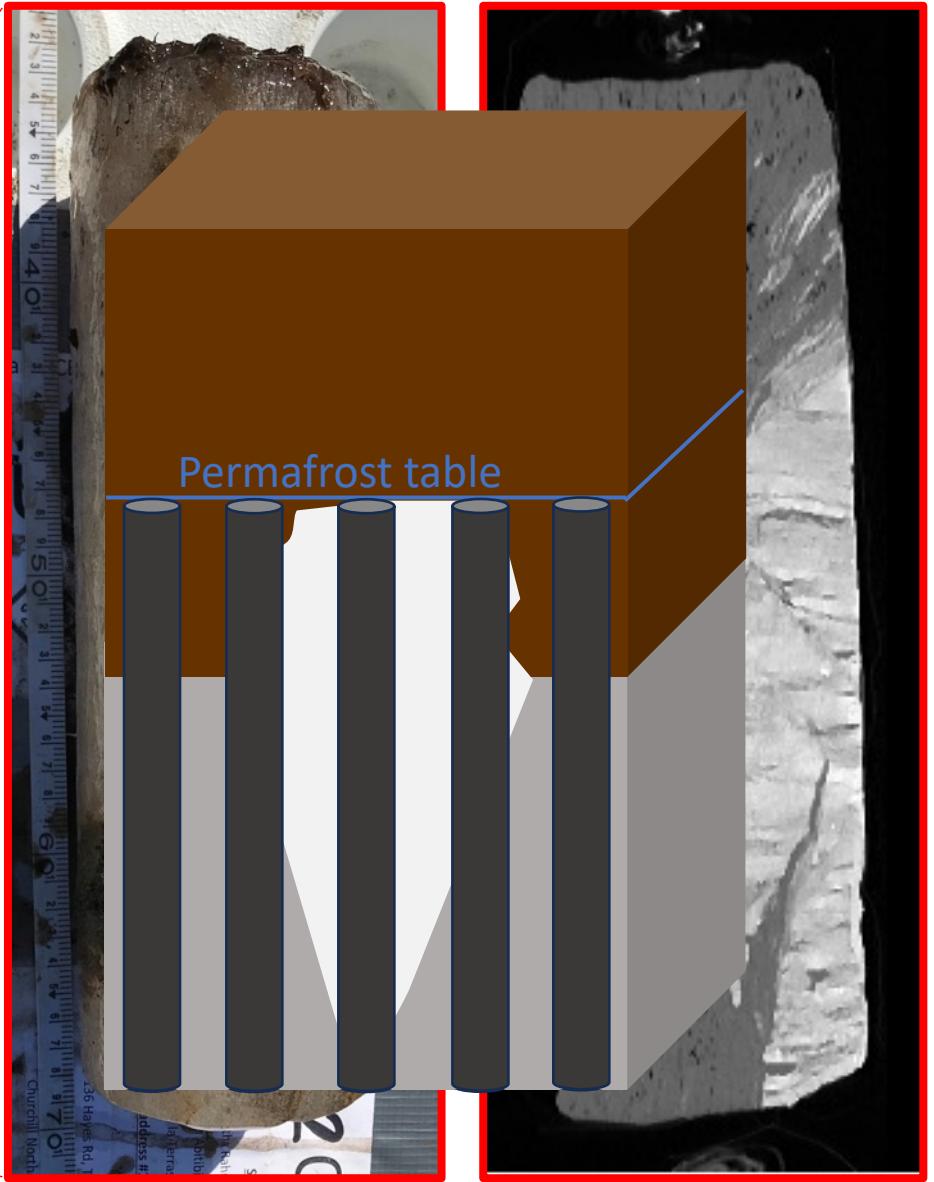
Drone

22.5 m

22.5 m

Drone (2.47 cm/ pixel)

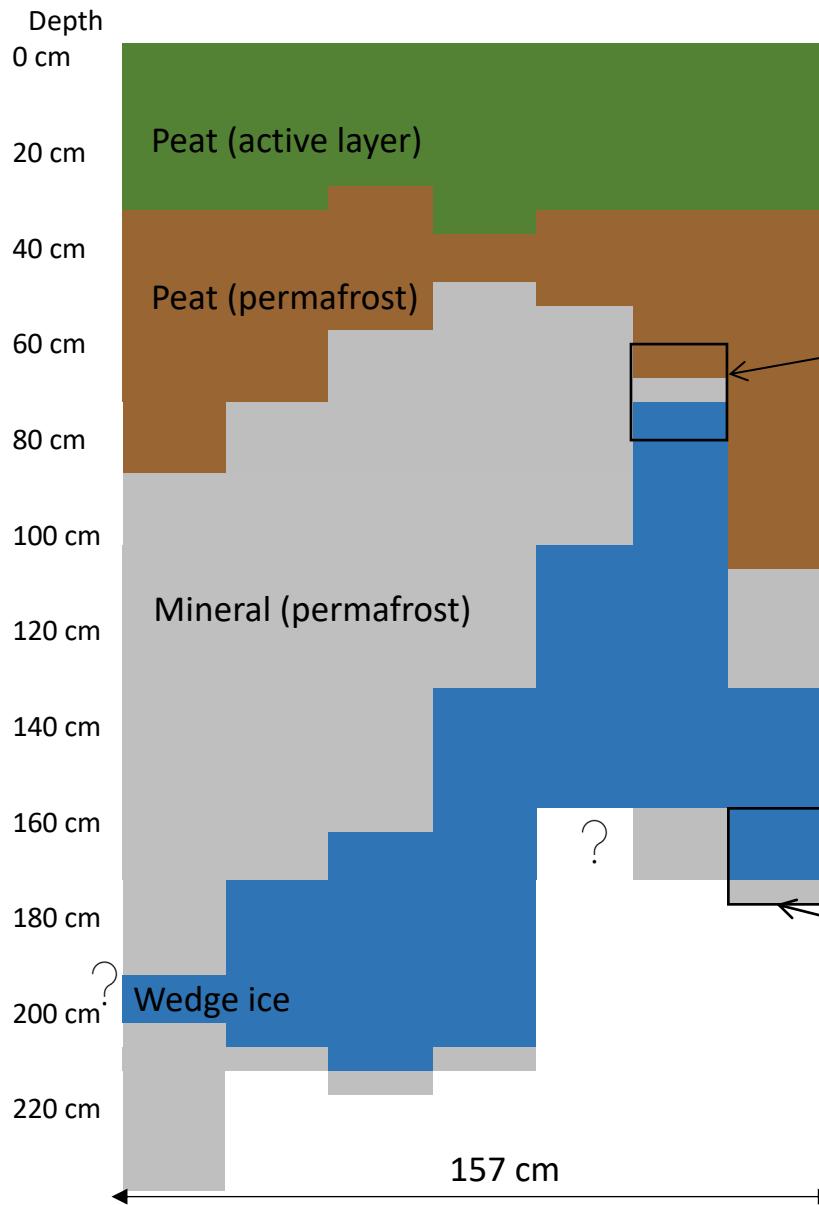
# Field measurements of ice-wedge morphometry

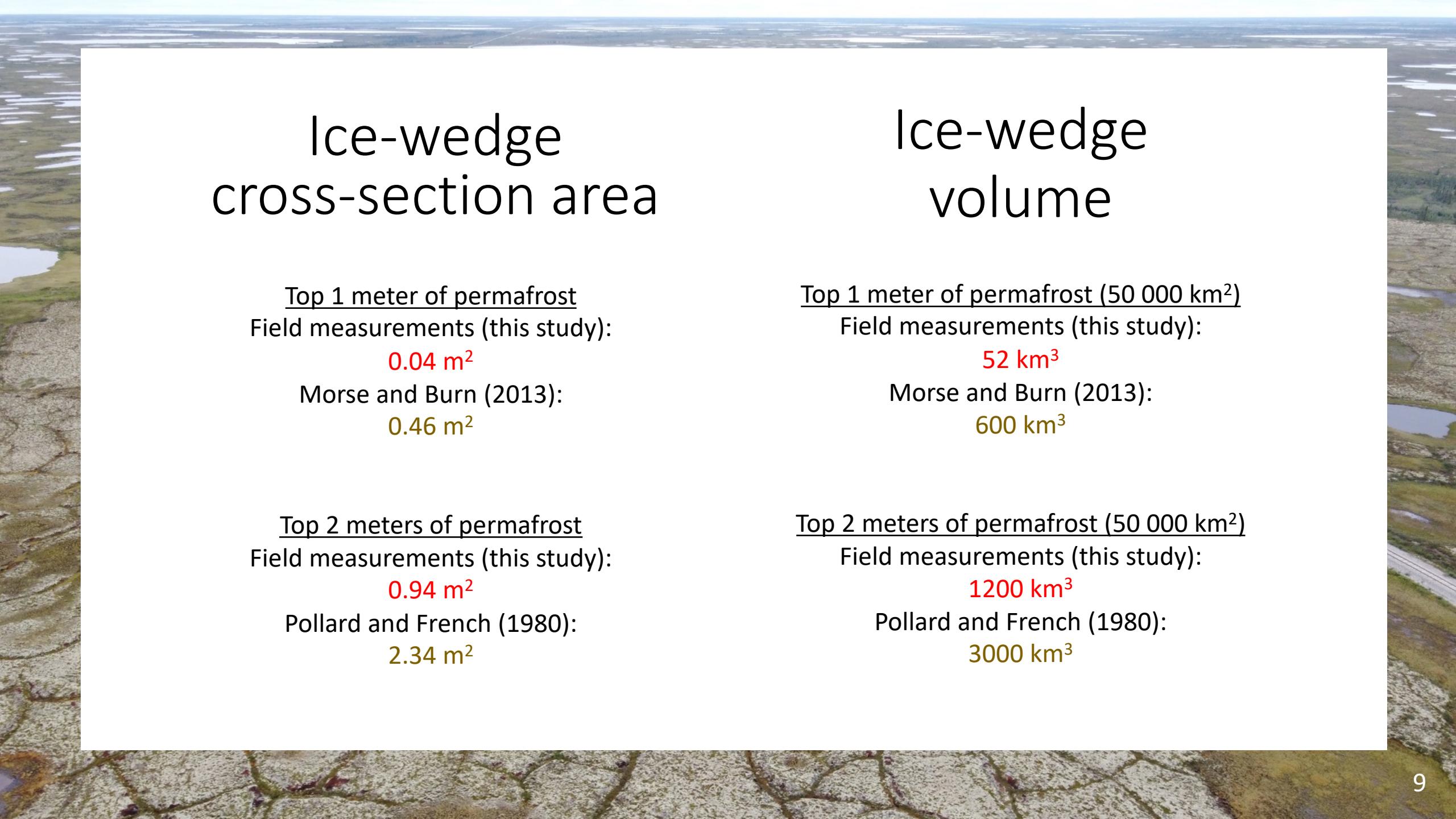


## $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ and $\delta^2\text{H}$



Depth below surface: > 70 cm  
Depth below active layer: > 20 cm  
Height: 120 cm  
Width: > 157 cm





# Ice-wedge cross-section area

Top 1 meter of permafrost  
Field measurements (this study):  
**0.04 m<sup>2</sup>**

Morse and Burn (2013):  
**0.46 m<sup>2</sup>**

Top 2 meters of permafrost  
Field measurements (this study):  
**0.94 m<sup>2</sup>**

Pollard and French (1980):  
**2.34 m<sup>2</sup>**

# Ice-wedge volume

Top 1 meter of permafrost (50 000 km<sup>2</sup>)  
Field measurements (this study):

**52 km<sup>3</sup>**

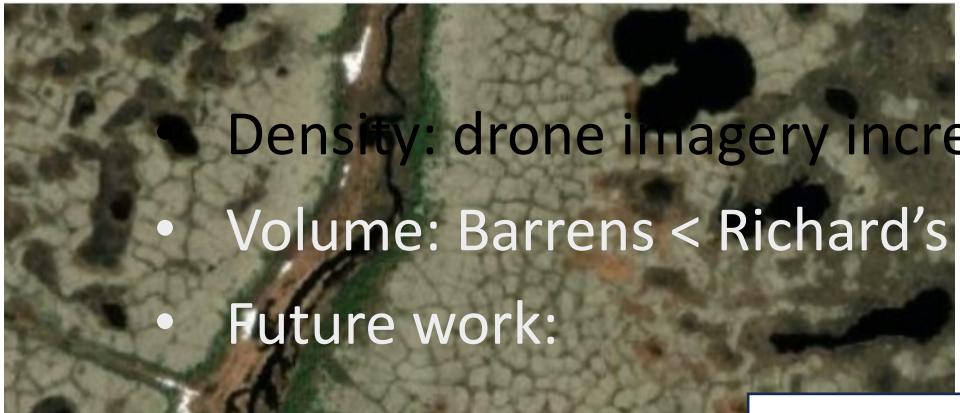
Morse and Burn (2013):  
**600 km<sup>3</sup>**

Top 2 meters of permafrost (50 000 km<sup>2</sup>)  
Field measurements (this study):

**1200 km<sup>3</sup>**

Pollard and French (1980):  
**3000 km<sup>3</sup>**

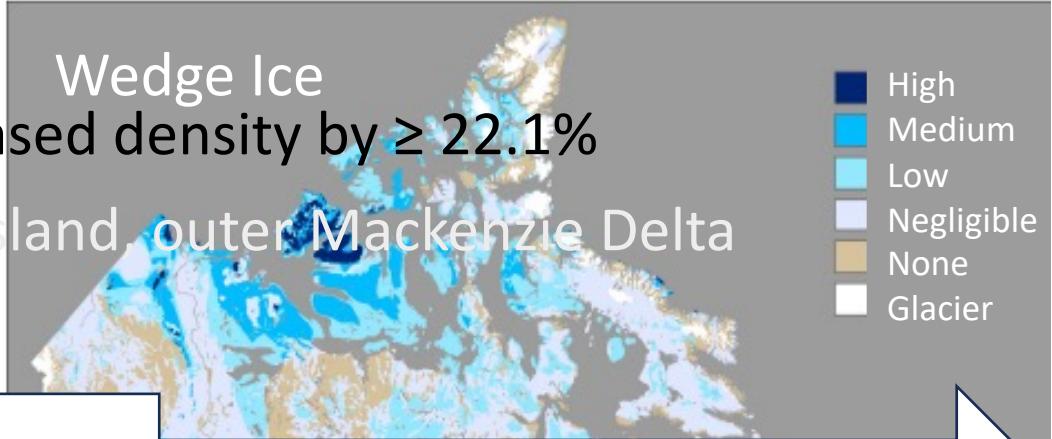
# Ice-wedges: extensive but small



- Density: drone imagery increased density by  $\geq 22.1\%$
- Volume: Barrens < Richard's Island, outer Mackenzie Delta
- Future work:



Past landscape development



Volume and distribution

Future landscape evolution

Top 1 meter of permafrost  
Field measurements (this study):

**52 km<sup>3</sup>**

Morse and Burn (2013):

**600 km<sup>3</sup>**

O'Neill et al. 2019

# Thank you for listening!

I'd be happy to discuss further:  
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Adam Kirkwood



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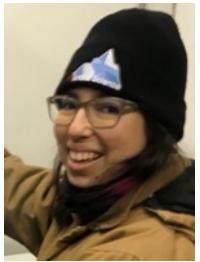
Brett Young



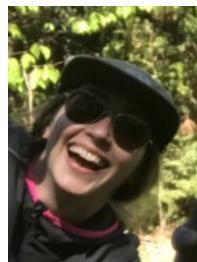
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